Game of Pong

V4

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Pong Versions - introduction

- v1 **Ball moving** from left to right of screen. Can bounce off top or bottom
- v2 Mouse controlling the Paddle
- v3 Collision detection (ball bounces back). Changes made only to PongGame
- v4 Game Over (when 3 lives gone), Score (lives Lost). Output to Console. Changes made only to PongGame.
- v5 Tournament (no of games per tournament default is 5). Changes made only to PongGame.
- v6 new Player class using arrays (no statistics)
- v7 Player class using arrays (with statistics (Tournament Over highest, lowest, average score))
- v8 JOptionPane for I/O instead of console
- v9 alternative algorithm using Pythagoras Theorem



Demo of Pong Game V4.0

PongGameV4.0

- This version **stores game information**:
 - The number of lives lost
 - The **maximum lives** allowed per game
 - The **score** of the game
- Game Over
 - when user loses the number of lives allowed per game.
- Changes
 - None in the Ball and Paddle class
 - All changes in PongGameV4.0 class.

Classes in the PongGameV4.0

	Paddle	Ball
PongGameballPaddlelivesLostscoremaxLivesPerGamesetup()draw()hitPaddle(paddle, ball)	Xcoord yCoord paddleHeight paddleWidth Paddle(int, int) update() display() getXCoord() getYCoord() getPaddleWidth() getPaddleHeight() setPaddleHeight(int)	xCoord yCoord diameter speedX speedY Ball(float) update() display() hit() getXCoord() getYCoord() getDiameter() setDiameter(float)

resetBall()

PongGameV4.0 class – global fields

//Current game data	
int livesLost = 0;	<pre>//keeps track of number of lives lost in current game</pre>
int score = 0;	//high score of the current game
<pre>int maxLivesPerGame = 3;</pre>	//maximum number of lives that can be lost
	//before the game ends

PongGameV4.0 class – draw()



PongGameV4.0 class - draw()

```
Version 3.0
```

//Draw the ball at its new location and check for a collision with the paddle ball.display();

//Set variable to true if ball and paddle are overlapping, false if not boolean collision = hitPaddle (paddle, ball);

```
if (collision == true){
ball.hit(); //the ball is hit i.e. reverses direction.
```

PongGameV/4 0 class – draw()	
//If the player still has a life left in the current game.	
//draw the ball at its new location and check for a collision with the paddle	
 if (livesLost < maxLivesPerGame){	
ball.display();	
//Cetyerishie to true if hell and needelle are everlenning false if net Lives lost: 1	
//Set variable to true if ball and paddle are overlapping, faise if not boolean collision = bitPaddle(paddle, ball):	
if (collision == true){	
ball.hit(): //the ball is hit i.e. reverses direction.	
score++; //increase score in the current game by 1, if the player hit the ball.	
println("Score: " + score);	
}	
}	
//The player has no lives left so the game ends	
else{	
println("Game Over!"); Score: 2	
println("You have lost all of your lives: " + livesLost); Score: 4	
println("Your final score is: " + score); Lives lost: 2 Lives lost: 3	
exit(); Game Over! You have lost all of your lives: 3	
Your final score is: 4	

PongGameV4.0 – sample output

Lives lost:	1		
Score: 1			
Score: 2			
Score: 3			
Score: 4			
Lives lost:	2		
Lives lost:	3		
Game Over!			
You have los	t all of your lives:	3	
Your final s	core is: 4		

Questions?





 Reas, C. & Fry, B. (2014) Processing – A Programming Handbook for Visual Designers and Artists, 2nd Edition, MIT Press, London.